FINAL SENT TO NMDOT

Official Scenic Historic Marker Program



CPRC meeting: October 10, 2008

Name of Marker:	Side One: Captive Wom Side Two: María Rosa V		children of Taos County o, (ca. 1725–1830)
County: Taos Cou	inty		
Review: Original Text/Replacement I Move of Existing Marker		ker	☐ Revised Text ☐ New Marker
NMDOT District:	5		
NMDOT Highway: To be determined			
Suggested Site for Installation: To be determined			
Proposed Text for August 8, 2008 CPRC Meeting			
Side One:			
Side One: Captive Women and Children of Taos County			
In August 1760, around sixty women and children were taken captive in a Comanche raid on Ranchos de Taos. That raid is an example of the danger of living on New Mexico's frontier during the 17 th and 18 th centuries, for Hispanic and Indigenous communities alike, raided each other and suffered enormous consequences. Thousands of women and children were taken captive. Most were never returned.			
Word Count: <u>64</u>			
Side Two:			
María Rosa Villapa	ndo, (ca. 1725–1830		
One known captive of this raid, María Rosa Villapando was traded to the Pawnees and, after ten years, was ransomed by her future husband, a French trader from St. Louis. She was reunited with her New Mexican son, Joseph Julian Jaques in 1802. Her grandson, Antoine Leroux, returned to Taos and married into the Vigil family, making her the ancestral matriarch of several prominent Taos families.			
Word Count: <u>66</u>			
Previous Title and	d Text: 🗌 N/A		

Researcher/author: Dr. Thomas E. Chavez **Source(s)**:

- Brooks, James F. Captives & Cousins: Slavery, Kinship, and Community in The Southwest Borderlands, (Chapel Hill; University of North Carolina Press, 2002).
- Hackett, Charles Wilson, ed., *Historical Documents Relating to New Mexico, Nueva Vizcaya, and Appraches Thereto,* (Washington, D. C.; Carnegie Institution, 1923-37).
- Lamadrid, Enrique R., *Hermanitos Comanchitos: Indo-Hispano Rituals of Captivity and Redemption,* (Albuquerque; University of New Mexico, 2003).
- Thomas, Alfred B., ed., Forgotten Frontiers: A Study of the Spanish Indian Policy of Don Juan Bautisata de Anza Governor of New Mexico, 1777-1787, (Norman; University of Oklahoma Press, 1932).

Text Approved by CPRC on Date: October 10, 2008

CPRC Comments: Yes

For Referral to: NMHWMI; Dee Beingessner, NMDOT GO